

# Cyclic wetting and drying test in modified direct shear apparatus

Department of Civil Engineering

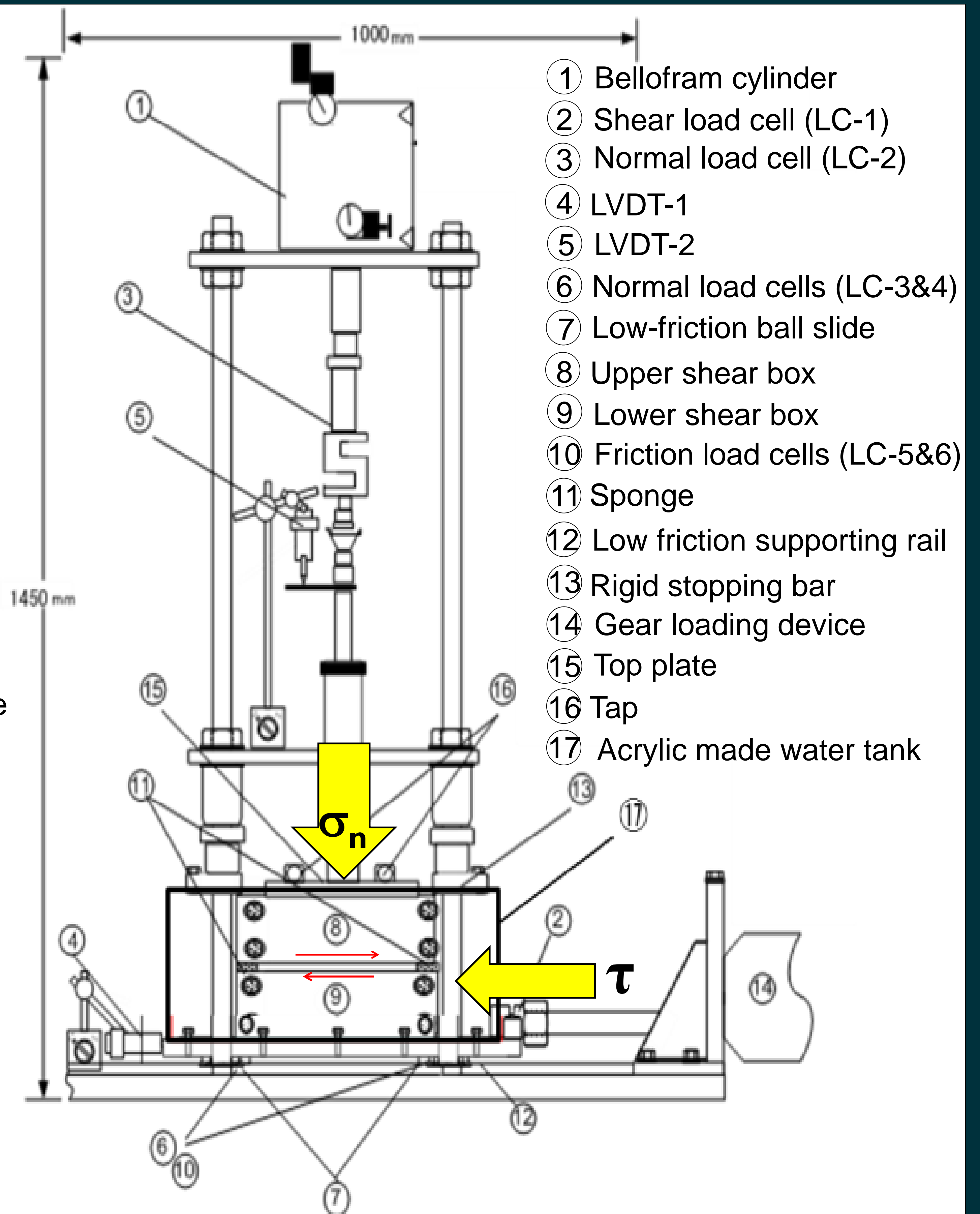
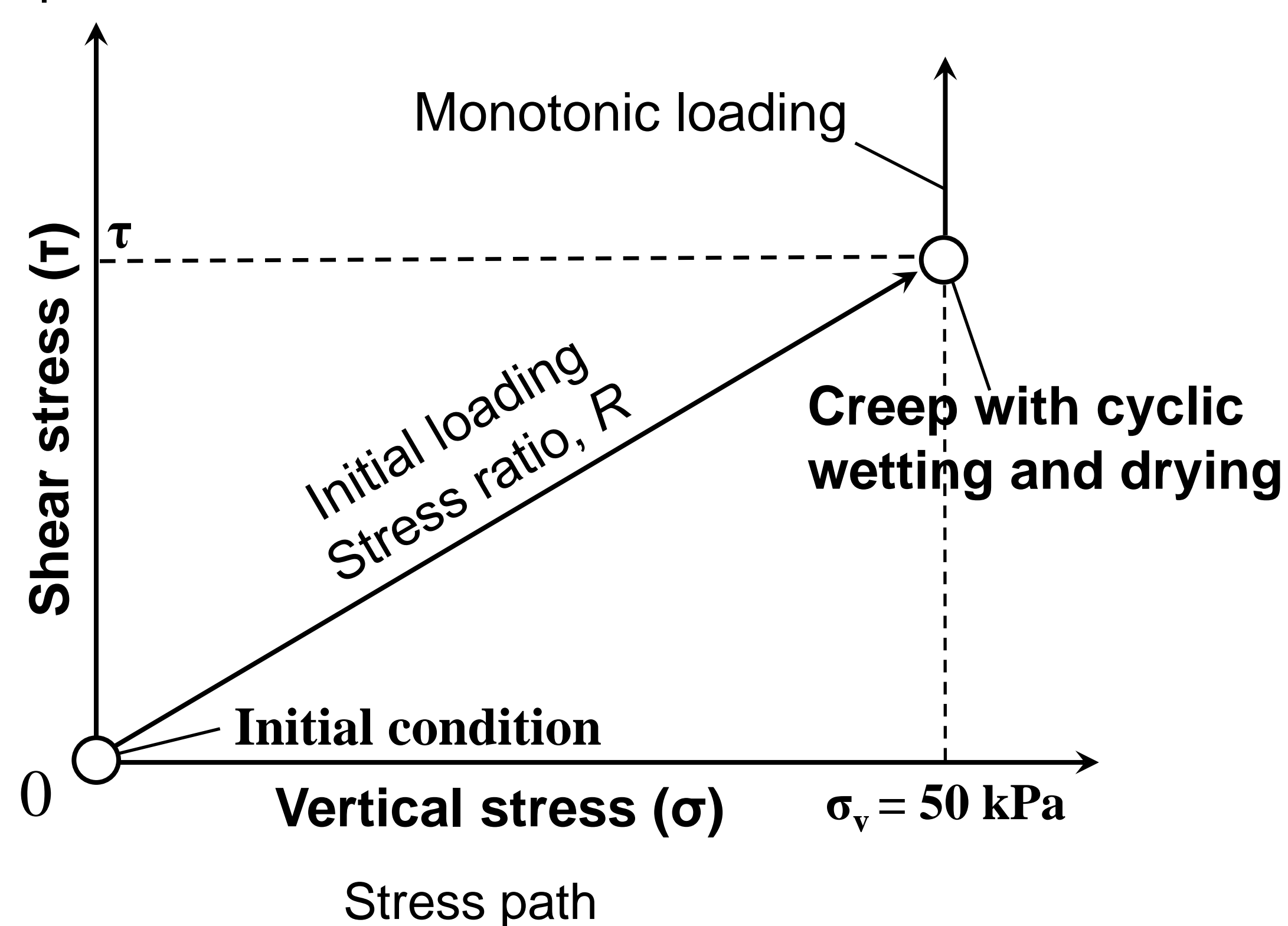
Keshab SHARMA

Shear box size : 20 cm \* 20 cm \* 9.14 cm

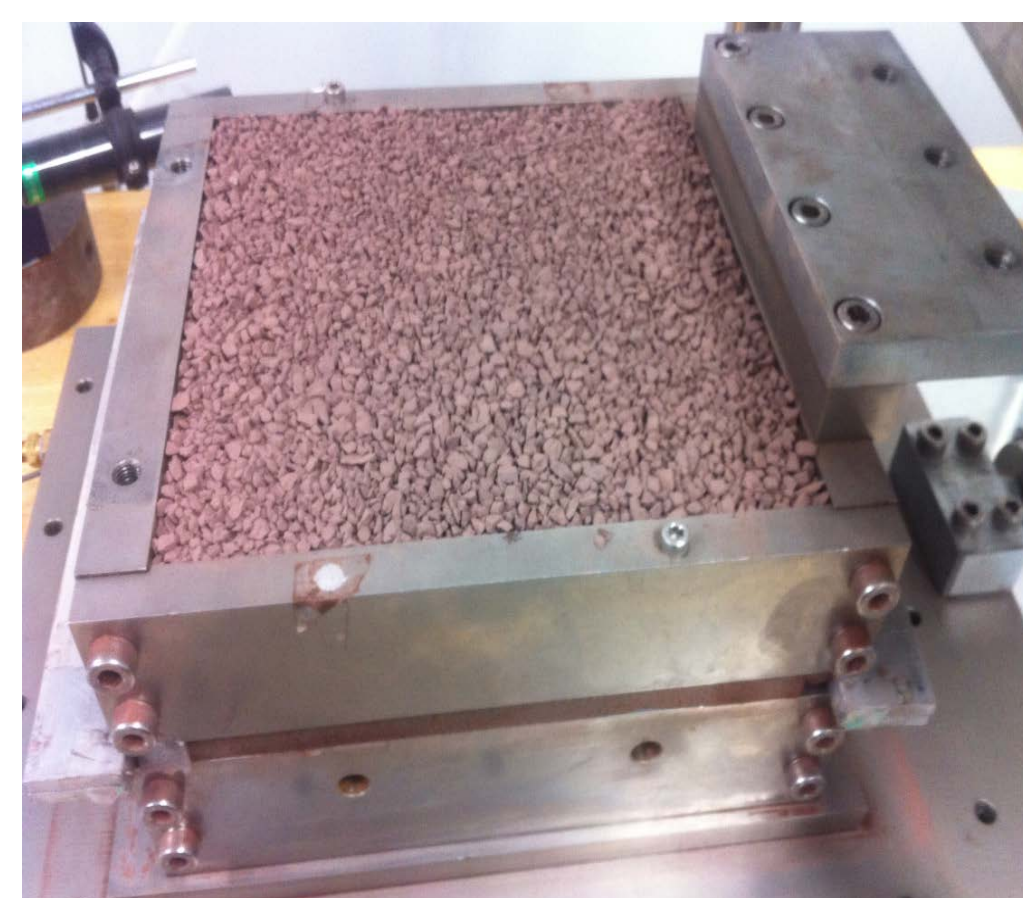
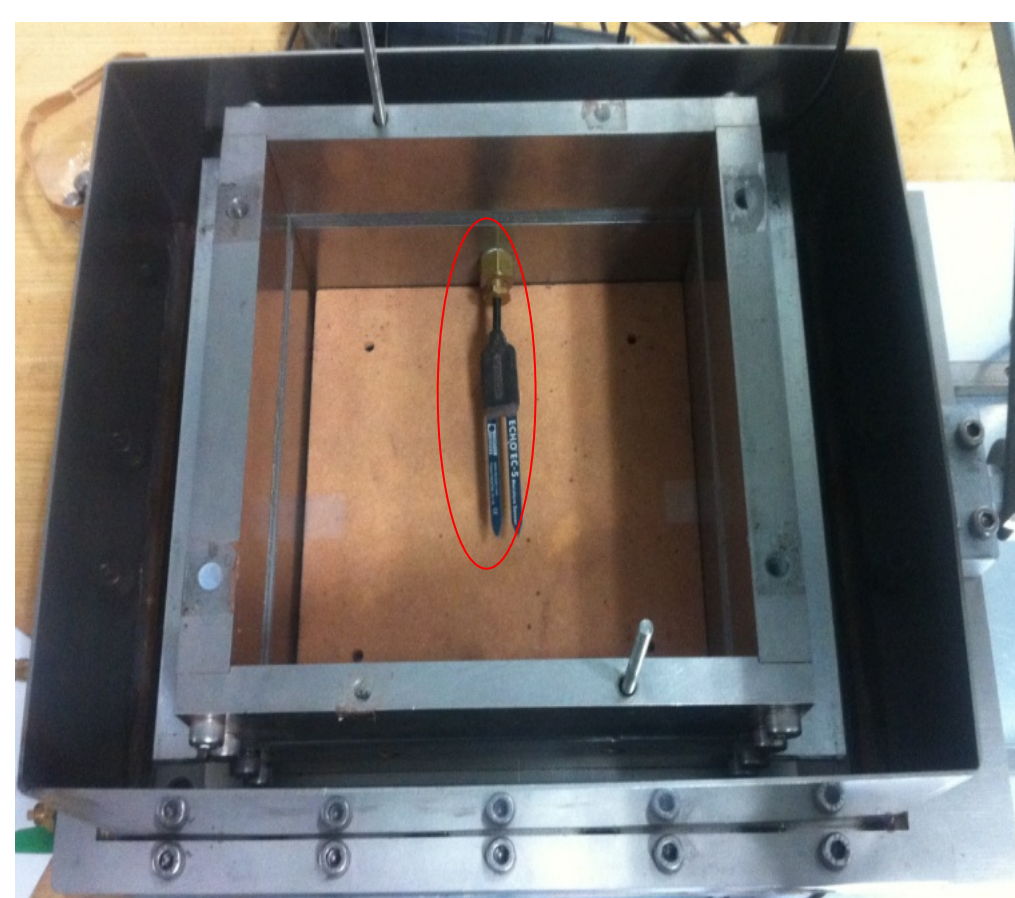
## Stages of Loading

1. Initial loading
2. Creep loading with cyclic wetting and drying
3. Monotonic loading

1. Initially both shear and normal stresses are applied to the dry specimen gradually maintaining prescribed stress ratio,  $R (= \tau/\sigma_v)$  with  $\sigma_v (= 50 \text{ kPa})$ .
2. After the prescribed  $\tau$  and  $\sigma_v (= 50 \text{ kPa})$  values are reached, these values are kept constant. Then,
  - a. The wetting is carried out by pouring the distilled water from the bottom of the lower shear box.
  - b. The drying is carried out by removing water from specimen, covering specimen with Silica gel and dry air pumping.
3. Finally, after the third wetting and deformations stabilization, a monotonic shear loading is applied at a constant rate of 0.2 mm/min under constant  $\sigma_v$  until the specimen's residual state was reached.

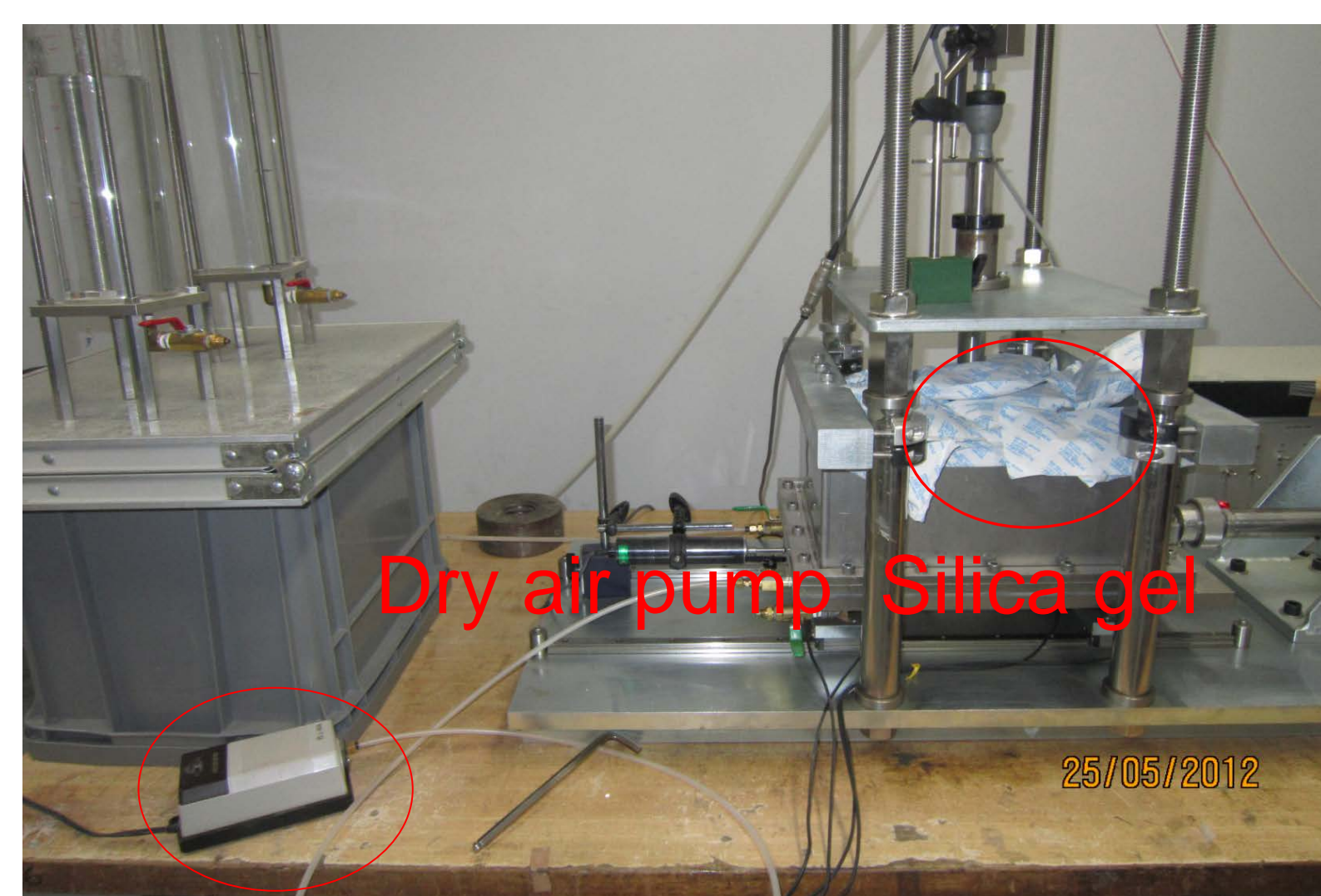
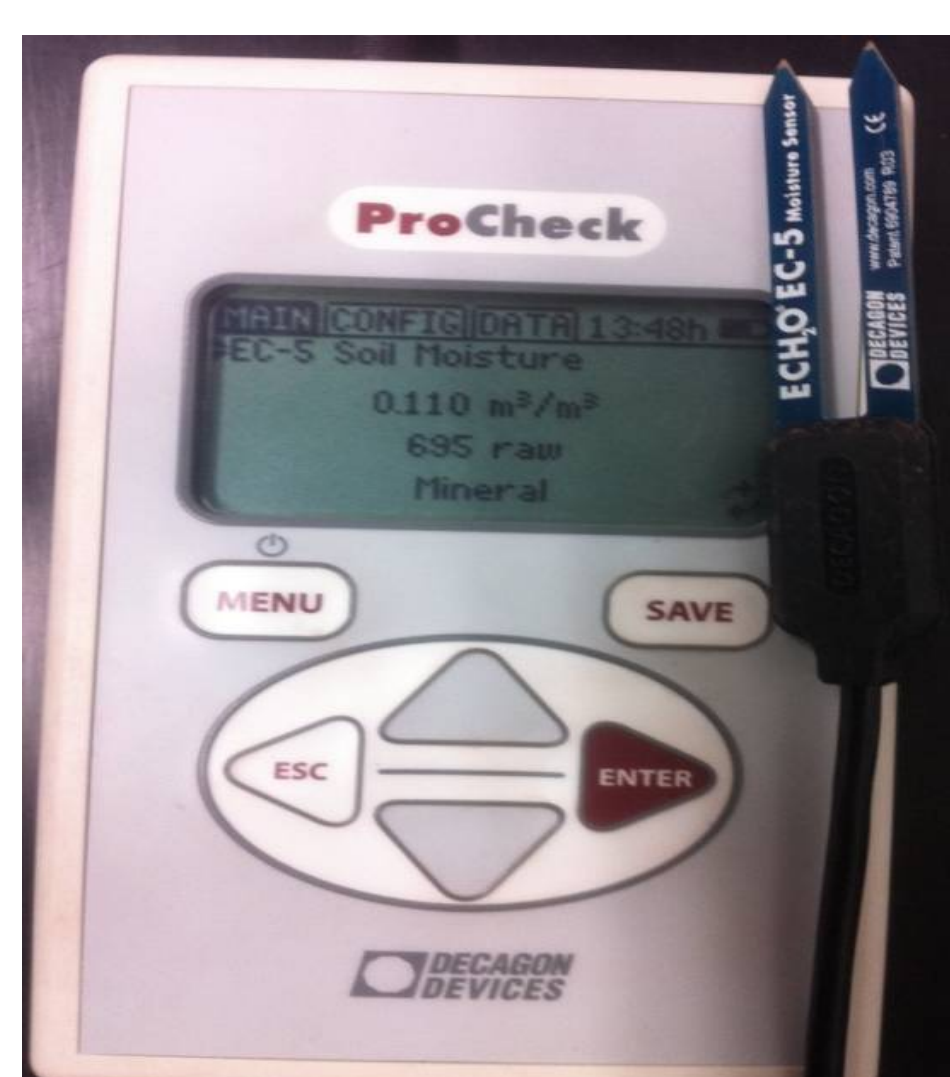


- ① Bellofram cylinder
- ② Shear load cell (LC-1)
- ③ Normal load cell (LC-2)
- ④ LVDT-1
- ⑤ LVDT-2
- ⑥ Normal load cells (LC-3&4)
- ⑦ Low-friction ball slide
- ⑧ Upper shear box
- ⑨ Lower shear box
- ⑩ Friction load cells (LC-5&6)
- ⑪ Sponge
- ⑫ Low friction supporting rail
- ⑬ Rigid stopping bar
- ⑭ Gear loading device
- ⑮ Top plate
- ⑯ Tap
- ⑰ Acrylic made water tank



Moisture sensor in shear box Shear box with Crushed mudstone covering by Silica gel

covering by vinyl sheet



Pro-check to display sensor value Overall view of experimental setup

Overall view of experimental setup